WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A semiconductor device, comprising:
- a portion to be measured by fluctuation in potential;
- 5 a wire having one end and the other end connected with said portion to be measured; and

an observation part connected with said one end of said wire,

wherein said observation part includes a pn junction irradiated with a laser beam to detect said fluctuation in potential, and

said pn junction includes a first impurity region of a first conductivity type connected with said one end of said wire and a second impurity region of a second conductivity type.

- The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein said first impurity
 region is formed within said second impurity region.
 - 3. The semiconductor device according to claim 2, wherein said observation part includes a first MOS transistor having said first impurity region as a source/drain region.
 - 4. The semiconductor device according to claim 3, wherein said first MOS transistor includes a gate electrode set to be the same in potential as said second impurity region.
 - 5. The semiconductor device according to claim 3, further comprising a second

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MOS transistor including said portion to be measured,

wherein said first MOS transistor and said second MOS transistor are arranged in a same gate array.

- 5 6. The semiconductor device according to claim 5, wherein said portion to be measured is a gate electrode of said second MOS transistor.
 - The semiconductor device according to claim 5, wherein said portion to be measured is a source/drain region of said second MOS transistor.
 - The semiconductor device according to claim 5, wherein said portion to be measured is a well region of said second MOS transistor.
- 9. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, further comprising a wire to 15 be measured including said portion to be measured.
 - 10. The semiconductor device according to claim 9, wherein said observation part includes:
- a third impurity region connected with a second portion to be measured

 different from said portion to be measured and made conductive with said wire to be

 measured: and
 - a fourth impurity region having a conductivity type opposite to a conductivity type of said third impurity region.
 - 11. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein

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said first conductivity type is an n type and said second conductivity type is a p type:

said observation part further includes a second pn junction having a p-type third impurity region connected with said wire and an n-type fourth impurity region; and

- a first fixed potential is applied to said second impurity region and a second fixed potential higher than said first fixed potential is applied to said fourth impurity region.
- 12. A method of analyzing the semiconductor device recited in claim 1, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) irradiating said pn junction with a laser beam; and
 - (b) measuring light intensity of said laser beam reflected at said pn junction.
- $13. \ \, \text{A method of analyzing the semiconductor device recited in claim 2},$ $15 \quad \text{comprising the steps of:}$
 - (a) irradiating said pn junction with a laser beam; and
 - (b) measuring light intensity of said laser beam reflected at said pn junction.
- $14. \ \, \text{A method of analyzing the semiconductor device recited in claim 3},$ $20 \quad \text{comprising the steps of:}$
 - (a) irradiating said pn junction with a laser beam; and
 - (b) measuring light intensity of said laser beam reflected at said pn junction.
- 15. A method of analyzing the semiconductor device recited in claim 4, 25 comprising the steps of:

- (a) irradiating said pn junction with a laser beam; and
- (b) measuring light intensity of said laser beam reflected at said pn junction.
- 16. A method of analyzing the semiconductor device recited in claim 5, 5 comprising the steps of:
 - (a) irradiating said pn junction with a laser beam; and
 - (b) measuring light intensity of said laser beam reflected at said pn junction.
- 17. A method of analyzing the semiconductor device recited in claim 6, 10 comprising the steps of:
 - (a) irradiating said pn junction with a laser beam; and
 - (b) measuring light intensity of said laser beam reflected at said pn junction.
- 18. A method of analyzing the semiconductor device recited in claim 7, 15 comprising the steps of:
 - (a) irradiating said pn junction with a laser beam; and
 - (b) measuring light intensity of said laser beam reflected at said pn junction.
- 19. A method of analyzing the semiconductor device recited in claim 8, 20 comprising the steps of:
 - (a) irradiating said pn junction with a laser beam; and
 - (b) measuring light intensity of said laser beam reflected at said pn junction.
- 20. A method of analyzing the semiconductor device3 recited in claim 9,25 comprising the steps of:

- (a) irradiating said pn junction with a laser beam; and
- (b) measuring light intensity of said laser beam reflected at said pn junction.

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